



# Renewable energy sources for sustainable development

Renewable energy transition is the initiative of the global energy sector to move away from fossil fuels (such as natural gas, oil, and coal) towards renewable energy sources (Hassan et al., 2024). The environmental Kuznets curve (EKC) illuminates the intricate association between environmental decline and economic growth (Wang et al., 2024b) and it is considered ...

Renewable energy is energy derived from natural sources that are replenished at a higher rate than they are consumed. Sunlight and wind, for example, are such sources that are constantly ...

Energy and sustainable development. ... In rural areas, the development of renewable energy resources can solve the problem of energy consumption and combine with the agriculture production procedure that increases the income of farmers. It is estimated that in 2050 renewable energy will approximately account for 30% of energy structure in the ...

Renewable energy comes from unlimited, naturally replenished resources, such as the sun, tides, and wind. Renewable energy can be used for electricity generation, space and water heating and cooling, and transportation. Non ...

The 2030 targets laid out by the United Nations for the seventh Sustainable Development Goal (SDG 7) are clear enough: provide affordable access to energy; expand use of renewable sources; improve ...

Sustainable Development Goals Check for updates Jing Tian, Sam Anthony Culley, Holger Robert Maier & Aaron Carlo Zecchin ... policies, with the transition to renewable energy sources often ...

Renewable energy (RE) can help decouple that correlation, contributing to sustainable development (SD). In addition, RE offers the opportunity to improve access to modern energy services for the poorest members of society, which is crucial for the achievement of any single of the eight Millennium Development Goals.

The security of electricity generation and sustainable development is a global issue that is predominant in developing countries [18]. Hence, the issue of sustainable energy solutions is particularly concerned with how societal energy needs can be met without compromising the ability of generations unborn to meet their own energy needs [57, 121] and large, several ...

Sustainable development requires a transition from fossil fuel dependency to cleaner energy sources. This transformation's key component is renewable energy, which promises fewer negative environmental effects (Osman et al. 2022) is crucial to highlight the extent to which the developing world has contributed to the population explosion, which has ...

The use of renewable energy sources has been recognized as a key factor in promoting sustainable

development, which aims to meet the needs of the present generation without compromising the future ...

The exploitation of solar energy systems toward sustainable development applications could take the form of the creation of innovative buildings, equipped with bioclimatic features aiming at the saving of energy. ... Both of these devices appear to be the most interesting among renewable energy sources for the built environment. The facades and ...

The primary objective for deploying renewable energy in India is to advance economic development, improve energy security, improve access to energy, and mitigate climate change. Sustainable development is possible by use of sustainable energy and by ensuring access to affordable, reliable, sustainable, and modern energy for citizens.

Renewable energy sources are naturally replenished and emit minimal greenhouse gasses and pollutants. Examples of renewable energy sources include the sun, wind, water, and waste. ... It also can enhance public health, create job opportunities, and promote sustainable economic development. It offers a cleaner, more sustainable, and equitable ...

Access to clean modern energy services is an enormous challenge facing the African continent because energy is fundamental for socioeconomic development and poverty eradication. Today, 60% to 70% of the Nigerian population does not have access to electricity. There is no doubt that the present power crisis afflicting Nigeria will persist unless the ...

Utilizing data from the renewable energy map scenario, findings indicate that renewable energy sources could command up to two-thirds of the global primary energy supply by 2050, a stark contrast to the modest 24% contribution predicted by the reference scenario. ... as evident in the United Nations' seventh Sustainable Development Goal (SDG7 ...

To reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and local air pollution, the world needs to rapidly shift towards low-carbon sources of energy - nuclear and renewable technologies. Renewable energy will play a key role in decarbonizing our energy systems in the coming decades. But how rapidly is our production of renewable energy changing?

Learn more about SDG 7 Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all: Lack of access to energy supplies and transformation systems is a constraint to human and economic development. The environment provides a series of renewable and non-renewable energy sources i.e. solar, wind, hydropower, geothermal, biofuels, natural gas, coal, ...

At present, the international energy situation is in a stage of new changes and adjustments [6, 7]. The basic trend of the global energy transition is to realize the transition of the fossil energy system into a low-carbon energy system, and finally enter the era of sustainable energy mainly based on renewable energy [8]. Therefore, many studies have analyzed the ...

However, renewable energy development has been designed to consider its installation capacity, generation capacity, and storage capacity. As in the current scenario, the growth of these renewable technologies has been changing rapidly. ... Of the different types of renewable and sustainable energy sources, solar energy is one of the encouraging ...

This article examines some of the latest findings in the exploitation of renewable energy sources (RES) for sustainable development. It outlines some of the latest findings at the system level - e.g., local systems, community systems, and assemblies of buildings - as well as some of the main components in future renewable energy systems.

Renewables on the rise For the 760 million people in the world who lack access to electricity, the introduction of modern clean energy solutions can enable vital services such as improved healthcare, better education, and internet access, thus creating new jobs, improving livelihoods, and reducing poverty. Driven by the global energy crisis and policy momentum, renewable ...

Energy is required for development, and sustainable energy technologies are required for development to be sustainable. Three key changes that need to be made to achieve sustainable energy development are emissions reduction, substitution of fossil fuel-based power with renewable energy (RE) and energy efficiency (EE) improvement (Stergaard et al., 2020).

In recent years, rural areas have become significant battlegrounds for the implementation of energy transitions. Not only are they meaningful as the location for the siting of renewable energy (RE) facilities, but they also hold a great potential for the creation of significant synergies for sustainable rural development (RD) (e.g. Benedek et al., 2018).

Renewable energy sources used in energy generation helps to reduce greenhouse gases which mitigates climate change, reduce environmental and health complications ...

By committing to providing clean energy for an additional 500 million people by 2025, UNDP aims to empower livelihoods and stimulate economic growth. Ensuring that new energy access - especially to reach the last mile - is clean, and whenever possible, renewable. Energy access can directly contribute to a just energy transition.

Increasing the supply of renewable energy would allow us to replace carbon-intensive energy sources and significantly reduce US global warming emissions. For example, a 2009 UCS analysis found that a 25 percent by 2025 national renewable electricity standard would lower power plant CO<sub>2</sub> emissions 277 million metric tons annually by 2025--the ...

This makes energy resources extremely significant for every country in the world. In this paper, renewable



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energy sources, their economic benefits for sustainable development, environmental impact including global warming, advantages and disadvantages and strategies for optimum exploitation for sustainable development are highlighted.

This study empirically investigates the impact of renewable and non-renewable energy generation on sustainable development for a balanced panel of 68 developed and developing economies from 1990 to 2019. This is done to scrutinise the intricate interplay between energy sources and sustainable development outcomes at the global level. The estimated ...

Achieving solutions to environmental problems that we face today requires long-term potential actions for sustainable development. In this regard, renewable energy resources ...

Introduction to Renewable Energy. This is our Stanford University Understand Energy course lecture that introduces renewable energy. We strongly encourage you to watch the full lecture to gain foundational knowledge about renewable energy and important context for learning more about specific renewable energy resources.

The results show that solar power is the most suitable renewable energy for sustainable development, followed by biomass, wind, and hydropower, but the optimal alternative is sensitive to the ...

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