

Mercury, being the closest to the Sun, with a weak magnetic field and the smallest mass of the recognized terrestrial planets, has a very tenuous and highly variable atmosphere (surface-bound exosphere) containing hydrogen, helium, oxygen, sodium, calcium, potassium and water vapor, with a combined pressure level of about 10 -14 bar (1 nPa). [2] The exospheric species ...

Mercury is the smallest planet in our solar system. Mercury is a terrestrial planet. It is small and rocky. Mercury has a thin exosphere. Mercury's surface can be as hot as 800 degrees F during the daytime and as cold as -300 degrees F during the nighttime. (But Mercury is not the hottest planet in the solar system. The hottest planet is Venus.)

Mercury is the closest planet to the sun and the smallest planet in our solar system. With a diameter of about 3,032 miles (4,880 kilometers), Mercury is less than half the size of Earth, which is ...

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The planet Mercury. Mercury is the smallest planet in the Solar System (Pluto, once the smallest planet is now named as a dwarf planet), and the planet with the most none concentric orbit among the eight planets. Mercury is also the planet that is nearest the sun, sitting 46 million kilometers (in its nearest position to the sun) to 70 million ...

Mercury is a rocky planet, also known as a terrestrial planet. Mercury has a solid, cratered surface, much like the Earth's moon. Mercury's thin atmosphere, or exosphere, is composed mostly of oxygen (O₂), sodium (Na), hydrogen (H₂), helium (He), and potassium (K). Mercury has no moons. There are no rings around Mercury.

Mercury is the first planet from the Sun and the smallest in the Solar System. In English, it is named after the ancient Roman god Mercurius (Mercury), god of commerce and communication, and the messenger of the gods. Mercury is classified as a terrestrial planet, with roughly the same surface gravity as Mars. The surface of Mercury is heavily cratered, as a result of countless ...

Mercury is the smallest and least massive of the eight major planets in the Solar System (Pluto is no longer considered a planet). Mercury is the second densest planet in the solar system after Earth. At a mean distance from the Sun of 57.8 ...

Nomenclature. The ancients knew Mercury by different names depending on whether it was an evening star or

a morning star. By about 350 BC, the ancient Greeks had realized the two stars were one. [20] They knew the planet as *Stilbon* *Stilbon*, meaning "twinkling", and *Hermis* *Hermis*, for its fleeting motion, [21] a name that is retained in modern Greek (*Ermis* *Ermis*). [22]

Merkurius (symbol: ☿) är den innersta och minsta planeten i solsystemet, med en omloppstid runt solen på ungefär 88 dygn. På grund av sin närhet till solen är den svår att observera från jorden och kan bara ses i gryningen eller skymningen för blotta ögat eller med en teleskop. Mercurius har inte en observationshistoria på mer än 3 400 år, eftersom den finns ...

Mercury (planet) 0 references. topic's main template. Template:Mercury (planet) 1 reference. inferred from. Template:Mercury (planet) topic's main category. Category:Mercury (planet) 0 references. Identifiers. VIAF ID. 247235523. 1 reference. imported from Wikimedia project. German Wikipedia. National Library of Spain ID.

Merkurius atau Utarid merupakan planet terkecil di Tata Surya sekaligus yang terdekat dari Matahari. Periode revolusi planet ini merupakan yang terpendek dari semua planet di Tata Surya, yakni 87,99 hari. Seperti halnya Venus, Mercurius merupakan planet inferior yang letak orbitnya berada di sebelah dalam orbit Bumi, dan ketika diamati dari Bumi, jarak sudutnya dari ...

Mercury is the smallest and least massive of the eight major planets in the Solar System (Pluto is no longer considered a planet). Mercury is the second densest planet in the solar system after Earth. At a mean distance from the Sun of 57.8 million kilometres, it is also the closest. Mercury has a faint atmosphere, mainly helium, and experiences extremes of temperature ranging from ...

Mercúrio é o menor [nota 1] [nota 2] e mais interno planeta do Sistema Solar, orbitando o Sol a cada 87,969 dias terrestres. A sua órbita tem a maior excentricidade e o seu eixo apresenta a menor inclinação em relação ao plano da órbita dentre todos os planetas do Sistema Solar. Mercúrio completa três rotações em torno de seu eixo a cada duas órbitas.

This large range arises from the planet's high orbital eccentricity. 26 Essentially, because Mercury is closest to the Sun, when taking an average over time, Mercury is most often the closest planet to the Earth, 120 121 and--in that measure--it is the closest planet to each of the other planets in the Solar System. 122 123 124 b

A terrestrial planet, telluric planet, or rocky planet, is a planet that is composed primarily of silicate, rocks or metals. Within the Solar System, the terrestrial planets accepted by the IAU are the inner planets closest to the Sun: Mercury, Venus, Earth and Mars. Among astronomers who use the geophysical definition of a planet, two or three planetary-mass satellites - Earth's Moon, Io, ...

Mercury is the first planet from the Sun in the Solar System. It is the innermost and smallest planet in the solar

system, orbiting the Sun once every 88 days. Its brightness ranges from about -2.0 to 5.5 in apparent magnitude, but it is most often lost in the Sun's glare and becomes visible only in twilight. Comparatively little is known about the planet: the only spacecraft that has ...

A planet is a large object such as Venus or Earth that orbits a star. Planets do not make light.. Jupiter is the biggest planet in the Solar System, while the smallest planet in the Solar System is Mercury.. Planets are shaped like a slightly squashed ball (called a spheroid). Objects that orbit planets are called satellites. A star and everything which orbits it are called a star system.

Every planet except Mercury and Saturn is known to possess at least 1 trojan. [161] [162] [163] The Jupiter trojan population is roughly equal to that of the asteroid belt. [164] After Jupiter, Neptune possesses the most confirmed trojans, at 28. [165] Outer Solar System.

The eight planets of the Solar System with size to scale (up to down, left to right): Saturn, Jupiter, Uranus, Neptune (outer planets), Earth, Venus, Mars, and Mercury (inner planets). A planet is a large, rounded astronomical body that is generally required to be in orbit around a star, stellar remnant, or brown dwarf, and is not one itself. [1] The Solar System has eight planets by the ...

Fiction set on Mercury (planet)? (1 C, 18 P) Pages in category "Mercury (planet) in culture" The following 3 pages are in this category, out of 3 total. This list may not reflect recent changes. M. The Magician (tarot card) N. Nbu; S. Mercury symbol

Mercury is the second densest planet, after Earth. It has a large metallic core with a radius of about 1,289 miles (2,074 kilometers), about 85% of the planet's radius. There is evidence that it is partly molten or liquid. ...

Merkur er den ene af fire stenplaneter i Solsystemet og er et klippefyldt legeme som Jorden. Det er den mindste planet i Solsystemet, med en ækvatorradius på 2.439,7 km. [6] Merkur er endda mindre -- men mere massiv -- end de største måner i Solsystemet: Ganymedes og Titan. Merkur består af omkring 70 % metallisk og 30 % silikat-materiale. [7] ...

Mercury (planet) is part of the Solar System series, a featured topic. This is identified as among the best series of articles produced by the Wikipedia community. If you can update or improve it, please do so. This article appeared on Wikipedia's Main Page as Today's featured article on August 25, 2006. Article milestones;

It is named after the Roman deity Mercury, the messenger of the gods. Two spacecraft have visited Mercury: Mariner 10 flew by in 1974 and 1975; and MESSENGER, launched in 2004, orbited Mercury over 4,000 times in four years before exhausting its fuel and crashing into the planet's surface on April 30, 2015. The BepiColombo spacecraft is planned to arrive at ...

Messenger: Mercury Image of Mercury captured by a camera aboard the Messenger spacecraft. Until the last

part of the 20th century, Mercury was one of the least-understood planets, and even now the shortage of information about it leaves many basic questions unsettled.

The Solar System is the Sun and all the objects that travel around it. The Sun is orbited by planets, asteroids, comets and other things.. Planets and dwarf planets of the Solar System. Compared with each other, the sizes are correct, but the distances are not. The Solar System is about 4.568 billion years old. [1] The Sun formed by gravity in a large molecular cloud.

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